

MATH 117 SPRING 2001: MIDTERM UNO

CRISTIAN GURITA

**Problem 1.** (4 points)

- (1) Find the Taylor polynomials of degree 5 at  $x = 0$  for  $f(x) = \sin x$  and  $g(x) = \cos x$ .
- (2) Find out if the series

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+1)^3}$$

is convergent or divergent.

**Problem 2.** (4 points)

- (1) Determine if the series  $\frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{1}{3^4} \dots$  is convergent or not, and if it is, find its sum.
- (2) Find the Taylor series at  $x = 0$  for the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{(1+x)^2}$ .

**Problem 3.** (4 points)

- (1) Find  $D_t \mathbf{r}(t)$  and  $D_t^2 \mathbf{r}(t)$  for  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (3t+4)^3 \mathbf{i} + e^{t^2} \mathbf{j}$ .
- (2) For the plane curve given by  $x = e^t \cos t \mathbf{i} + e^t \sin t \mathbf{j}$ , find the unit tangent vector  $\mathbf{T}$  and the curvature  $\kappa(t)$  at the point  $t_1 = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

**Problem 4.** (4 points)

- (1) Find  $dy/dx$  and  $d^2y/dx^2$  without eliminating the parameter for the curve given by  $x = 2t^2, y = \sqrt{5}t^3$ .
- (2) If  $\mathbf{r}(t) = e^{-t} \mathbf{i} + e^t \mathbf{j}$ , find the velocity and acceleration vectors,  $\mathbf{v}(t)$  and  $\mathbf{a}(t)$  and the speed at time  $t = 1$ .

**Problem 5.** (4 points)

- (1) Find the cosine of the angle between the vectors  $\mathbf{a} = (1, -3)$  and  $\mathbf{b} = (-1, 2)$
- (2) For what numbers  $c$  are the vectors  $(c, 6)$  and  $(c, -4)$  orthogonal?

**Extra credit.** (2 points)

- (1) In problem 1.1, what is funny about the two Taylor polynomials? Explain clearly (we talked about this in class).
- (2) For the motion given by  $\mathbf{r} = t^2 \mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{3}t^3 \mathbf{j}$  find the tangential acceleration  $a_T$  and the normal acceleration  $a_N$ . (This is extra credit because we didn't finish this example in class).